

# COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY BEAUFORT COUNTY PLANNING DIVISION

Multi-Government Center • 100 Ribaut Road, Room 115 Post Office Drawer 1228, Beaufort SC 29901-1228 Phone: (843) 255-2140 • FAX: (843) 255-9432

The Beaufort County Planning Commission will hold its regularly scheduled meeting on **THURSDAY**, **September 6, 2011**, at 6:00 p.m. in the **County Council Chambers**, County Administration Building, 100 Ribaut Road, Beaufort, SC.

NOTE: A Commissioners' Workshop will be held in the Planning Office, Room 115, County Administration Building (5:30 to 6:00 p.m.).

## **AGENDA**

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Pledge of Allegiance
- 3. Review Minutes of February 6, May 8, and June 4, 2012, Meetings
- 4. Chairman's Report and Public Comment Period
- 5. **PUBLIC HEARING AND RECOMMENDATION** on Text Amendments to the Beaufort County Zoning and Development Standards Ordinance (ZDSO), Article V. Use Regulations, Section 106-1218. Cottage Industry (to reduce acreage, screening and lighting requirements for cottage industries in rural zoning); Applicant: David Tedder. (backup)
- 6. Other Business
- 7. Adjournment

### Notes:

- 1. The October 2012 regularly scheduled Beaufort County Planning Commission meeting will be held on MONDAY, October 1, 2012, at 6:00 p.m.
- 2. Call the Beaufort County Planning office at (843) 255-2140 if you desire details on any of the agenda items. The agenda may be viewed:
  - a. At the Planning Office, Room 115, Beaufort County Administration Building, 100 Ribaut Road, Beaufort, SC; or
  - b. On the Beaufort County website at <a href="http://www.bcgov.net/County-Council-Calendar.php">http://www.bcgov.net/County-Council-Calendar.php</a>.
- 3. **IF YOU HAVE SPECIAL NEEDS DUE TO A PHYSICAL CHALLENGE**, please call the Planning Office at 843-255-2140 for additional information.
- 4. **STATEMENT OF MEDIA NOTIFICATION:** "In accordance with South Carolina Code of Laws, 1976, Section 30-4-80(d), as amended, all local media was duly notified of the time, date, place and agenda of this meeting."



# **MEMORANDUM**

To: Beaufort County Planning Commission

From: Anthony Criscitiello, Planning Director T.C.

**Subject:** Amendment to the Zoning & Development Standards Ordinance (ZDSO)

Date: August 6, 2012

# STAFF REPORT:

# A. BACKGROUND:

Case No. ZTA 2012-04
Applicant: David Tedder

# B. SUMMARY OF REQUEST:

The text amendments proposed by the applicant are shown as <u>underlined</u> for additions and <del>struck through</del> for deletions.

# Summary: Request 1

The applicant is requesting to reduce the minimum acreage required for "by right" approval of a cottage industry use in Rural from 10 acres to 6 acres. Currently, any site that is less than 10 acres requires a Special Use Permit for approval. Additionally, since ZDSO subsection (a) (9) states, "the operator of a cottage industry shall own or reside on the property or immediately adjacent thereto," the applicant requests that both the property housing the cottage industry, as well as the adjacent residential property be utilized when calculating the acreage.

Please see the applicant's attachments, including: 1. *Proposed Text Change and Reasons for Change*; 2. Proposed text with changes incorporated; 3. Proposed text with additions <u>underlined</u> and deletions <del>struck through</del>.

# Summary: Request 2

The applicant is requesting to reduce the bufferyard screening required between a cottage industry and "adjoining residential uses and districts" from 100 feet to 50 feet. Additionally, the applicant believes that since "there are very few districts which do not allow residential uses," it is appropriate to omit the reference to "districts". Finally, in cases where the residential use is also owned by the owner/operator of the adjoining cottage industry the applicant proposes that no screening be required between the two sites (See applicant's attachments).

# Summary: Request 3

In recognition of the fact that many properties in rural lack "direct access to a paved arterial or collector", the applicant requests that the standard requiring that

cottage industries have direct access to a paved arterial or collector road (a) (5) is changed and the word "direct" omitted. The applicant wishes to add language stating that such access "may be by way of a public or private road that meets the Rural Subdivision access easement requirements of Section 106-2597(1)." (See applicant's attachments).

Summary: Request 4

The applicant believes that "standard outdoor lighting" as opposed to "cut-off-fixtures" is more in keeping with the character of Rural. The applicant requests that the requirement for such fixtures be omitted from the cottage industry standards (See applicant's attachments).

# C. ANALYSIS and RECOMMENDATION:

Section 106-493 of the ZDSO lists 7 standards (below), any of which is cause for a Zoning Text Amendment. Analysis will address all those applicable to **text change requests 1-4.** 

# Sec. 106-493. Standards for Zoning Text Amendment.

A zoning ordinance text amendment may be approved if:

- 1. It would implement a new portion of the Comprehensive Plan or Amendment.
- 2. It would implement and better achieve the Comprehensive Plan's goals and objectives that have proved difficult to achieve under the ordinance's existing provisions.
- 3. The ordinance's provisions were inconsistent or unreasonable in light of standards for similar uses.
- 4. It is necessary to respond to state and/or federal legislation.
- 5. It provides additional flexibility in meeting the ordinance's objectives without lowering the ordinance's general standards.
- 6. It addresses a new use, changing conditions, and/or clarifies existing language.
- 7. It clarifies the ordinance or makes adjustments to account for interpretation.

# Request 1

The applicant proposes the following changes to subsection (a).

(a) In the rural district, cottage industry shall meet the following requirements. Ten Six acres shall be required for this use unless otherwise approved through a special use permit. The qualifying acreage may consist of the total acreage of both the property upon which the use is proposed, as well as the adjacent residential property upon which the owner resides, in accordance with Section 106-1218 (a)(9). Request 1 contains two parts. In the first portion the applicant proposes to reduce the minimum "by right" acreage required for a cottage industry use in the Rural zoning district from 10 acres to 6 acres.

- It would implement and better achieve the Comprehensive Plan's goals and objectives that have proved difficult to achieve under the ordinance's existing provisions.
- 5. It provides additional flexibility in meeting the ordinance's objectives without lowering the ordinance's general standards.

In the Land Use Chapter of the 2010 Beaufort County Comprehensive Plan the Section titled, "Defining Rural" lists "Small scale services and businesses that serve rural areas" as a common characteristic of rural that must be preserved, protected, and promoted. In the Section that follows, entitled "Rural Policy Goals" Beaufort County commits to "promote rural based economic development that benefits local rural businesses and residents." Recommendation 4-17 continues this theme of promoting business opportunities in Rural.

# Recommendation 4-17: Small Rural Businesses

Beaufort County should evaluate its ZDSO to provide more flexibility and overcome obstacles to the establishment of compatible rural businesses.

 Consider changes to the ZDSO to place more emphasis on performance standards rather than use-restrictions for cottage industries, home occupations, and rural businesses.

The aforementioned language is intended to provide residents with new opportunities for businesses in rural areas and increase the flexibility of the existing standards in the ZDSO. The applicant's request to reduce the minimum acreage required for "by right" approval of a cottage industry use in the Rural zoning district from 10 acres to 6 acres increases the opportunity for "by right" approval without reducing the ordinance's general standards.

A future proposal would still be subject to the minimum 85% landscape surface ratio (LSR) of subsection (a) (12). As conveyed in subsection (a) (4) the cottage industry use would still be required to establish a "50-foot wide bufferyard providing 100% opacity." This standard requires that all "buildings, work areas, and outdoor storage areas be completely screened from adjoining residential uses and districts," and is critical to fulfilling the requirement of subsection (a) (7) which requires, "no perceptible increase in noise, odor, vibration or electrical interference beyond the property line." Finally, as conveyed in subsection (a) (3) "buildings associated with cottage industry may not exceed 5,000 square feet of combined floor space."

When LSR requirements are applied to a 6 acre lot that is completely screened, buffered, and contains a cottage industry use of 5000 square feet, approximately 34,204 square feet of non-landscaped surface area remain on which to site the

primary residence. As the applicant's narrative conveys, such a site is large enough to locate both a residence and cottage industry use without increasing perceptible noise, odor, vibration or electrical interference beyond the property line.

In the second portion of Request 1 the applicant proposes language for subsection (a) that requires the acreage of the parcel on which the applicant resides to be added to the acreage of the adjoining parcel in which the cottage industry is located when calculating the minimum acreage requirement.

# 7. It clarifies the ordinance or makes adjustments to account for interpretation.

Subsection (a) (9) currently states, "The operator of a cottage industry shall own and reside on the property or immediately adjacent thereto. The language proposed by the applicant further clarifies the existing standards in the ZDSO and adds increased flexibility to the parameters by which these standards are interpreted. This is in keeping with Recommendation 4-17 of the Beaufort County Comprehensive Plan.

**Recommendation:** Staff recommends approval of Request 1.

# Request 2

The applicant proposes the following changes to subsection (a) (4).

(4) All operations associated with the cottage industry, including buildings, work areas, and outdoor storage areas, shall be completely screened from adjoining residential uses (unless owned by the owner of the property upon which the cottage industry is located) and districts with a 100-50-foot wide bufferyard providing 100 percent opacity.

Request 2 contains three parts. In the first portion the applicant proposes to reduce the bufferyard screening that is required between a cottage industry use and "adjoining residential uses and districts" from 100 feet to 50 feet.

The applicant's narrative correctly states that a fifty foot buffer is in keeping with the sizes required of "other permitted uses" in the Rural zoning district. However, cottage industry uses include boat, small engine, and farm equipment repair, as well as all light industrial uses listed in Table 106-1098. These uses are more intense than traditional rural uses, and as such, more likely to produce negative impacts involving noise, odor, and vibration. Therefore, it is logical that the baseline standard for bufferyards is also increased.

**Recommendation:** Whereas Request # 1 provides additional flexibility and clarity for existing standards, while also ensuring that all baseline protections are maintained; staff finds that the first portion of request 2 simply lessens a standard that is necessary and already in place. Therefore, staff recommends denial of the applicant's request to reduce the minimum bufferyard standard from 100 feet to 50 feet.

In the second portion of Request 2 the applicant proposes to omit the word "districts" from the standard. The applicant is correct in that all county zoning districts are mixed use. The County does not have a single use residential district.

7. It clarifies the ordinance or makes adjustments to account for interpretation.

**Recommendation:** Staff recommends approval of the second portion of Request 2 that proposes to omit the word "districts" from the standard.

In the third portion of Request 2 the applicant proposes to waive the screening requirement in cases where the residence is also owned by the owner/operator of the adjoining Cottage Industry.

**Recommendation:** Subsection (a) (9) states, "The operator of a cottage industry shall own and reside on the property or immediately adjacent thereto." In Request 1 (above), staff recommended the following changes to subsection (a):

(a) In the rural district, cottage industry shall meet the following requirements. Ten-Six acres shall be required for this use unless otherwise approved through a special use permit. The qualifying acreage may consist of the total acreage of both the property upon which the use is proposed, as well as the adjacent residential property upon which the owner resides, in accordance with Section 106-1218 (a)(9).

The new sentence further clarifies the parameters of Subsection (a) (9). Staff recommends approval of the third portion of Request 2 with the addition of the following sentence.

(4) All operations associated with the cottage industry, including buildings, work areas, and outdoor storage areas, shall be completely screened from adjoining residential uses (<u>unless owned by the owner of the property upon which the cottage industry is located</u>) and districts with a 100 foot wide bufferyard providing 100 percent opacity. <u>Non-contiguous parcels deemed to be adjoining as a result of an easement</u>

must be screened from physically adjacent residential uses not owned by the owner/operator of the cottage industry.

# Request 3

The applicant proposes the following changes to subsection (a) (5).

(5) Cottage industries shall have direct access to a paved arterial or collector road-, which may be by way of a public or private road meeting the Rural Subdivision access easement requirements of Section 106-2597 (1).

Request 3 contains two parts. In the first portion the applicant proposes to omit the requirement for "direct" access to a paved arterial or collector road. In the second portion of Request 3 the applicant proposes to add language to subsection (a) (5) that would make any "Public or private road that meets the Rural Subdivision access easement requirements of Section 106-2597(1)" compliant.

- It would implement and better achieve the Comprehensive Plan's goals and objectives that have proved difficult to achieve under the ordinance's existing provisions.
- 6. It provides additional flexibility in meeting the ordinance's objectives without lowering the ordinance's general standards.

See specific references to language from the Comprehensive Plan in Request 1. By omitting the requirement for "direct" access to a paved arterial or collector road and adding language that opens access to "public or private roads that meet the Rural Subdivision access easement requirements" the proposal will provide residents with new opportunities for businesses in rural areas and increase the flexibility of the existing standards in the ZDSO.

Recommendation: Staff recommends approval of Request 3.

# Request 4

The applicant proposes the following changes to subsection (a) (7).

(7) There shall be no perceptible increase in noise, odor, vibration or electrical interference beyond the property line as a result of the cottage industry. Outdoor light fixtures, if any, shall be cut off fixtures mounted in such a manner that the cone of light is not directed at any property line.

The applicant proposes to reduce the current standards for outdoor lighting of a cottage industry use such that "cut-off-fixtures" will no longer be required.

The county has a number of policies in place to target light pollution, including light trespass and sky glow. Light pollution results from an agglomeration of artificial light that is intrusive, unsafe or wasteful. The applicant's narrative is correct in that urban areas are more prone to this phenomenon; however, any grouping or cluster of "unfocused" lights, whether rural or urban can cause light pollution.

- Light trespass is a form of light pollution that results when "unfocused" or "misdirected" light from one property infiltrates an adjoining property. The applicant's narrative correctly states that subsection (a) (7) specifically addresses this issue. However, cut-off light fixtures are the "best management practice" tool of choice for doing so.
- Sky glow is an accumulation of light that spills into the atmosphere as a result of light pollution. This affects the ability to see the "night sky." The latter is very much an issue of concern in rural communities.

# Recommendation:

Whereas Request 1 and 3 provide additional flexibility and clarity for existing standards, while also ensuring that all baseline protections are maintained; staff finds that request 4 simply lessens a standard that is both appropriate and in place. Therefore, staff recommends denial of the applicant's request to eliminate cut-off light fixtures with cottage industry uses.

# **Summary of Staff Recommendations:**

# Sec. 106-1218. Cottage industry.

- (a) In the rural district, cottage industry shall meet the following requirements. Ten—<u>Six</u> acres shall be required for this use unless otherwise approved through a special use permit. The qualifying acreage may consist of the total acreage of both the property upon which the use is proposed, as well as the adjacent residential property upon which the owner resides, in accordance with Section 106-1218 (a)(9).
  - (1) Uses shall be limited to boat, small engine (e.g. lawnmowers) and farm equipment repair services and all light industrial uses listed in Table 106-1098, except the following: mini-warehouses, recreational equipment and heavy truck rental, and heavy truck, recreational vehicle and mobile home sales.
  - (2) Only incidental retail sales are permitted.
  - (3) Buildings associated with the cottage industry may not exceed 5,000 square feet of combined floor space.
  - (4) All operations associated with the cottage industry, including buildings, work areas, and outdoor storage areas, shall be completely screened from adjoining residential uses (unless owned by the owner of the property upon which the

- cottage industry is located) and districts with a 100 foot wide bufferyard providing 100 percent opacity. Non-contiguous parcels deemed to be adjoining as a result of an easement must be screened from physically adjacent residential uses not owned by the owner/operator of the cottage industry.
- (5) Cottage industries shall have direct access to a paved arterial or collector road, which may be by way of a public or private road meeting the rural subdivision access easement requirements of Section 106-2597 (1).
- (6) One nonilluminated sign not more than 12 square feet in area may be placed on the property to advertise the business.
- (7) There shall be no perceptible increase in noise, odor, vibration or electrical interference beyond the property line as a result of the cottage industry. Outdoor light fixtures, if any, shall be cut-off fixtures mounted in such a manner that the cone of light is not directed at any property line.
- (8) Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.
- (9) The operator of a cottage industry shall own and reside on the property or immediately adjacent thereto.
- (10) All repair work on internal combustion engines must be performed within an enclosed structure.
- (11) All boats/trailers and farm equipment, if applicable, associated with a repair business must be currently licensed and registered. Salvage operations are prohibited as part of a cottage industry.
- (12) Cottage industries shall meet the minimum landscape surface ratio (LSR) applicable to "other permitted uses in table 106-1562 (minimum LSR = .85 for the rural district). All buildings, work areas, and outside storage areas must be shown on the site plan and shall be considered nonlandscaped areas in the LSR calculation for the site.

### D. ATTACHMENTS:

- Copy of application for Zoning Text Amendment
- Please see applicant's attachments, including:
  - o Proposed Text Change and Reasons for Change.
  - Proposed text with changes incorporated.
  - o Proposed text with additions <u>underlined</u> and deletions struck through.

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(Circle One)

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PROPOSED ZONING AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS ORDINANCE (ZDSO) ZONING MAP / TEXT AMENDMENT / PUD MASTER PLAN CHANGE APPLICATION

Rev.	FILE NO: 20 1/ Initiated by: STAFF / OWNER			
	PLANNING DIVISION			
8.	The following sections of the Beaufort County ZDSO (see attached sheets) should be addressed by the applicant and attached to this application form:  a. Section 106-492, Standards for zoning map amendments.  b. Section 106-493, Standards for zoning text amendments.  AUG 0 7 2012			
7.	Is this property subject to an Overlay District? Check those which may apply:			
6.	If this request involves a proposed change in the Zoning/Development Standards Ordinance text, the section(s) affected are: 5/06-/2/8 (Coffage Todosfry)  (Under Item 4) explain the proposed text change and reasons for the change.)			
5.	Do you own all of the property proposed for thiszoning change? () Yes () No Only property owners or their authorized representative/agent as sign this application. If there are multiple owners, each property owner must sign an individual application and all applications must be submitted simultaneously. If a business entity is the owner, the authorized representative/agent of the business must attach: 1- a copy of the power of attorney that gives him the authority to sign for the business, and 2- a copy of the articles of incorporation that lists the names of all the owners of the business.			
4.	What new zoning do you propose for this property?  (Under Item 10 explain the reason(s) for your rezoning request.)			
3.	How is this property presently zoned? (Checkas appropriate)  ( ) Urban/U ( ) Community Preservation/CP ( ) Light Industrial/LI ( ) Suburban/S ( ) Commercial Regional/CR ( ) Industrial Park/IP ( ) Rural/R ( ) Commercial Suburban/CS ( ) Transitional Overlay/TO ( ) Rural Residential/RR ( ) Research & Development/RD ( ) Resource Conservation/RC ( ) Planned Unit Development/PUD			
2.	Give exact information to locate the property for which you propose a change:  Tax District Number:, Tax Map Number:, Parcel Number(s):  Size of subject property: Square Feet / Acres (circle one)  Location:			
1.	This is a request for a change in the (check as appropriate): ( ) PUD Master Plan Change ( ) Zoning Map Designation/Rezoning ( ) Zoning & DevelopmentStandards Ordinance Tex			
The (ZD)	undersigned hereby respectfully requests that the Beaufort County Zoning/DevelopmentStandards Ordinance SO) be amended as described below:			
10.	Deautori County Council			

Pagifort County SC. F	roposed Zoning	g/Development Standards Ordinance Map/Text Amendment Application
9. Explanation (cont	inue on separa	ate sheet if needed): SEE ATTACHCD
20 Sept.		
•		
Tt is understand by	the undersign	ned that while this application will be carefully reviewed and considered, the
burden of proof fo	r the propose	ed amendment rests with the owner.
1/4//	10.11	8/6/12
NULLE		vner Applicant Telephone
Printed 7	Signature of Cha	Telephone Number:
Name: )HU	0/6	1) P-2-6-4 (C 29901
Address: PO/S	128	1, BEAUSON SE QUE
- " Love	a ted	der low Mice Com
Email: AGUP		$\omega$
Agent (Name/Add	ress/Phonelem	ail):
FOR MAP AME	NDMENT RI	EQUESTS, THE PLANNING OFFICE WILL POST A NOTICE ON THE DUTLINED IN SEC. 106-402(D) OF THE BEAUFORT COUNTY ZDSO.
	an appriso	ATIONS THE STAFF HAS THREE (3) WORK DATE OF THE
UPON RECEIPT	FOR COMPLI	ATIONS, THE STAFF HAS THREE (3) WORK DAYS TO REVIEW THE ATIONS, THE COMPLETED APPLICATIONS WILL BE REVIEWED FIRST BY PLANNING COMMISSION SUBCOMMITTEE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PERTY IS LOCATED. MEETING SCHEDULES ARE LISTED ON THE PERTY IS LOCATED.
BY THE BEAUF	VOIR PRO	PERTY IS LOCATED. MEETING SCHEDULES ARE DISTRIBUTED BY NOON
APPLICATION	KOCESS (A1	TO THE APPLICABLE SUBCOMMITTEE MEETING DATE
THREE (3) WE	FUDITION	TO ATTOMIC TO THE COPIES
PLANNED UNIT	DEVELOPM	TENT (PUD) APPLICANTS ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT MULTIPLE COTALS.  TIMENT. CONSULT THE APPLICABLE STAFF PLANNER FOR DETAILS.  TO BE STAFF PLANNER FOR DETAILS.
TO THE PLANT	DI ANDING	DEPARTMENT AT (843) 255-2140 FOR EXACT <u>APPLICATION FEES</u> .
FOR PLANNING	DEPARTMEN	T U.SE ONLY:  Date Posting Notice Issued:
Date Application	Received:	
(place received	stamp below)	Application Fee Amount Received:
REC	EIVED	Receipt No. for Application Fee:
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PLA	NNING	FUENO: 2012 // Initiated by: STAFF/OWNER
	ISION	FILE NO: 2012 // Initiated by: STAFF (Circle One)
101		•

### ITEM 9 EXPLANATION

# Item 6. Proposed Text Change and reasons for change

Attached is Section 106-1218, *Cottage Industry*, with the requested changes showing as a redline. The requested changes stem from an analysis of the restrictions of this section's practical application over the last ten year's or more, and a desire to remove or alter some those restrictions which may unreasonably inhibit the ability of rural landowners to create small start-up businesses on larger properties, while still providing adequate protections to the surrounding property owners. The following is an explanation of each requested change.

- 1. Subsection (a). Reduce the required acreage from ten to six acres, and allow the inclusion of both the parcel acreage where the structure will be located with that of the owner's residential property, where it is on a separate parcel, but adjacent (as allowed under subsection (a) (9). The operator of the cottage industry must reside and own the property on which the cottage industry is to be conducted, or immediately adjacent. Six acres is requested because in the rural, agricultural areas, tax law allows primary residential treatment for the residence on a parcel up to five acres. The present ordinance requires ten acres. By definition there must be differing tax treatments for the residence and the cottage industry site. It seems unreasonable to require an additional five acres (217,800 s.f.) for a structure that can be no more than 5,000 square feet of floor space, or only 2.3% of the total area of the five acres. The reduction to six acres from ten is in recognition that 10 acres, or 435,600 s.f. to accommodate a residence and an additional 5,000 s.f. of floor space, is out of proportion to any need for buffering or environmental protection. There is also the 85% landscape surface ratio (LSR) of subsection(a) (12), which requires a LSR of 85%. On a six acre tract, or 261,000 s.f., subtracting 85% of the square footage (22,156) from the total acreage of 261,000 allows for 39,204 square feet of non-landscaped surface. Obviously, there is room to allow for a 5,000 s.f. floor space, as it is umlikely that on the residential property, and a combined property, that there would be an additional 34,200 s.f. of non-landscaped property. Additionally, since Cottage Industry is not allowed in the Rural Residential areas (five or more contiguous five acre parcels) except as a grandfathered use, the additional acreage honors the intent of having more than five acres available for this use, except by special use permit.
- 2. Subsection (a)(4). This requested amendment clarifies that there is no reason to screen between the cottage industry and the operator/owner's own residence, as well as clarifying the screening is for residential uses, not districts. There are very few districts which do not allow residential uses. Further, the reduction to a fifty foot buffer is in keeping with the sizes of bufferyards required of "other permitted uses" in the Rural District, Table 106-1617.
- 3. Subsection (a)(5). Recognizing that many of the properties which are in the Rural areas do not have direct access to a paved arterial or collector, but do have access over easements and private roads which have serviced our agricultural businesses since motorized trucks and tractors were available, as well as the recent amendments to the

Rural Subdivision road standards of Section 106-2597 (1). These amendments allow for subdivisions in the Rural District to have private accesses; there seems to be no overriding reason a cottage industry cannot be allowed the same latitude to foster economic growth for these citizens.

4. Subsection (a)(7). In the Rural areas, standard outdoor lighting is the norm, not cut-off fixtures. Requiring a cut-off fixture would seem to be overkill, especially since there are additional prohibitions against focused light trespass in this same section.

For all the above reasons, it is requested that these amendments be adopted to simplify and more readily allow small business and small landowners the opportunity to have a business that can provide additional employment opportunities in the Rural areas, especially in light of the protracted economic troubles and the disproportionate impact that has occurred in the construction/manufacturing areas.

# Sec. 106-1218. - Cottage industry.

(a)

In the rural district, cottage industry shall meet the following requirements. Six acres shall be required for this use unless otherwise approved through a special use permit. The qualifying acreage may consist of the total acreage of both the property upon which the use is proposed, as well as the adjacent residential property upon which the owner resides, in accordance with Section 106-1218 (a)(9).

(1)

Uses shall be limited to boat, small engine (e.g. lawnmowers) and farm equipment repair services and all light industrial uses listed in Table 106-1098, except the following: mini-warehouses, recreational equipment and heavy truck rental, and heavy truck, recreational vehicle and mobile home sales.

(2)

Only incidental retail sales are permitted.

(3)

Buildings associated with the cottage industry may not exceed 5,000 square feet of combined floor space.

(4)

All operations associated with the cottage industry, including buildings, work areas, and outdoor storage areas, shall be completely screened from adjoining residential uses (unless owned by the owner of the property upon which the cottage industry is located) with a 50-foot wide bufferyard providing 100 percent opacity.

(5)

Cottage industries shall have access to a paved arterial or collector road, which may be by way of a public or private road meeting the Rural Subdivision access easement requirements of Section 106-2597 (1).

(6)

One nonilluminated sign not more than 12 square feet in area may be placed on the property to advertise the business.

(7)

There shall be no perceptible increase in noise, odor, vibration or electrical interference beyond the property line as a result of the cottage industry. Outdoor light fixtures, if any, shall be mounted in such a manner that the cone of light is not directed at any property line.

(8)

Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m., Monday through Saturday.

(9)

The operator of a cottage industry shall own and reside on the property or immediately adjacent thereto.

(10)

All repair work on internal combustion engines must be performed within an enclosed structure.

(11)

All boats/trailers and farm equipment, if applicable, associated with a repair business must be currently licensed and registered. Salvage operations are prohibited as part of a cottage industry.

(12)

Cottage industries shall meet the minimum landscape surface ratio (LSR) applicable to "other permitted uses" in table 106-1526 (minimum LSR = .85 for the rural district). All buildings, work areas, and outside storage areas must be shown on the site plan and shall be considered non-landscaped areas in the in the LSR calculation for the site.

(b)

In the rural residential district, only businesses, which meet the definition of a cottage industry as set forth hereinabove, whether licensed or unlicensed and existing at, and continually operating since, the time of initial adoption of the ZDSO (April 26, 1999) shall be permitted, as long as they do not expand or intensify. Such businesses shall be exempt from the setback provisions set forth hereinabove in subsection (a)(4). New cottage industries in the rural residential district are not permitted.

(Ord. No. 99-12, § 1 (03.219), 4-26-1999; Ord. No. 2002-2, 1-28-2002; Ord. No. 2003-33, 10-27-2003; Ord. No. 2004/27, 8-9-2004)

Cross reference- Businesses, ch. 18.

(a)

In the rural district, cottage industry shall meet the following requirements. SixTen acres shall be required for this use unless otherwise approved through a special use permit. The qualifying acreage may consist of the total acreage of both the property upon which the use is proposed, as well as the adjacent residential property upon which the owner resides, in accordance with Section 106-1218 (a)(9).

(1)

Uses shall be limited to boat, small engine (e.g. lawnmowers) and farm equipment repair services and all light industrial uses listed in Table 106-1098, except the following: mini-warehouses, recreational equipment and heavy truck rental, and heavy truck, recreational vehicle and mobile home sales.

(2)

Only incidental retail sales are permitted.

(3)

Buildings associated with the cottage industry may not exceed 5,000 square feet of combined floor space.

(4)

All operations associated with the cottage industry, including buildings, work areas, and outdoor storage areas, shall be completely screened from adjoining residential uses (unless owned by the owner of the property upon which the cottage industry is located) and districts with a 5100-foot wide bufferyard providing 100 percent opacity.

(5)

Cottage industries shall have direct access to a paved arterial or collector road, which may be by way of a public or private road meeting the dimensional Rural Subdivision access easement and improvement requirements of Section 106-25987 (1).

(6)

One nonilluminated sign not more than 12 square feet in area may be placed on the property to advertise the business.

(7)

There shall be no perceptible increase in noise, odor, vibration or electrical interference beyond the property line as a result of the cottage industry. Outdoor light fixtures, if any, shall be cut off fixtures mounted in such a manner that the cone of light is not directed at any property line.

(8)

Hours of operation shall be limited to between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m., Monday through Saturday.

(9)

The operator of a cottage industry shall own and reside on the property or immediately adjacent thereto.

(10)

All repair work on internal combustion engines must be performed within an enclosed structure.

(11)

All boats/trailers and farm equipment, if applicable, associated with a repair business must be currently licensed and registered. Salvage operations are prohibited as part of a cottage industry.

(12)

Cottage industries shall meet the minimum landscape surface ratio (LSR) applicable to "other permitted uses" in table 106-152662 (minimum LSR = .85 for the rural district). All buildings, work areas, and outside storage areas must be shown on the site plan and shall be considered non\_landscaped areas in the in the LSR calculation for the site.

(b)

In the rural residential district, only businesses, which meet the definition of a cottage industry as set forth hereinabove, whether licensed or unlicensed and existing at, and continually operating since, the time of initial adoption of the ZDSO (April 26, 1999) shall be permitted, as long as they do not expand or intensify. Such businesses shall be exempt from the setback provisions set forth hereinabove in subsection (a)(4). New cottage industries in the rural residential district are not permitted.

(Ord. No. 99-12, § 1 (03.219), 4-26-1999; Ord. No. 2002-2, 1-28-2002; Ord. No. 2003-33, 10-27-2003; Ord. No. 2004/27, 8-9-2004)

Cross reference- Businesses. ch. 18.